Name Exam Roll No.: Signature: Tribhuvan University Institute of Science and Technology B.Sc. Entrance Examination Model question				
Attempt all questions.	Full marks: 100 Time: 2 hrs			
Group A (Chemistry)	$(25 \times 1 = 25)$			
b. He 2. The oxidation number of Nitrogen is - 1 in a. NH ₃ b. NH ₂ OH 3. The number of unpaired electrons in oxygen is a. 2 b. 3 4. The unit of radioactivity is a. Fajan b. Bohr 5. Which of the following compounds gives positive a. CCl4 b. CH3Cl 6. 'At same temperature and pressure equal volume number of molecules' this statement belongs to a. Boyle's law	2. Be 1. Li 2. N ₂ 1. N ₂ O 2. 4 1. 6 2. Curie 1. Debye 2. AgNO ₃ test? 3. CHCl3 1. NaCl			
b. 8 8. In a solution containing 1 mole alcohol and 4 mole alcohol is a. 1/4	e. 16 I. 2			

9. The o	xidation number of Mn in MnO ₂ is		
a.	+ 2	c.	+ 6
b.	+ 4	d.	+ 7
10. Vapo	our pressure at equilibrium of a liquid in a clo	sed	vessel depends only on
a.	Concentration	c.	Pressure
b.	Temperature	d.	Volume
11. Whi	ch one is Eka silicon?		
a.	Sc	c.	Ga
b.	P	d.	Ge
12. The	compound used as refrigerant is		
a.	CF ₄	c.	COCl ₂
b.	CCl ₄	d.	CCl_2F_2
13. Ethyl	ene reacts with alkaline KMnO4 (Bayer's rea	gent) to form
a.	Oxalic acid	c.	Glycerol
b.	Acetic acid	d.	Glycol
14. The	crystalline form of carbon is		
a.	Diamond	c.	Fullerene
b.	Graphene	d.	All of the above
15. Frot	h floatation process is done for		
a.	Oxide ore	c.	Carbonate ore
b.	Sulphide ore	d.	Nitrate ore
16. 4 g ľ	NaOH in 1 L solution is		
a.	1N	c.	4N
b.	0.1N	d.	0.4N
17. The j	p ^H of a solution containing 3.65 g of HCl	per	ltre is
a.	0.01	c.	1.0
b.	0.1	d.	10.0
	rate constant of a reaction depends upon		m
a.	Temperature	c.	Time of the reaction
b.	Initial concentration	d.	Extent of reaction
19. Whi	ch of the following metals is readily corr Cu	odec c.	l in moist air? Au
	Aσ	d.	

20.	Whe	n a solid is converted into liquid	, entropy will	
	a.	Remain same	c. I	

c. Decreased. Increase

21. Lassaigne's test is not used to detect which one of the following elements in organic compounds?

a. S

c. Br

b. N

d. C

22. CH₄ is a/an

a. Alcohol

b. Become zero

c. Ether

b. Ketone

d. Alkane

23. Ethyne on polymerization gives

a. Polythene

c. Phenol

b. Benzene

d. Ethane

24. Toluene on oxidation with alkaline KMnO₄ gives

a. Benzoic acid

c. Benzaldehyde

b. Phenol

d. Aniline

25. Which of the following is a Friedel Craft's catalyst

a. AlCl

c. PCl5

b. H2SO4

d. CH3COC1

Group B

 $(25 \times 1 = 25)$

(You are strongly advised to attempt either *Mathematics* or *Biology*)

Mathematics

 $(25 \times 1 = 25)$

26. For any two sets A and B, $(A - B) \cup (B - A) =$

a.
$$(A - B) \cup A$$

c.
$$(A \cup B) - (A \cap B)$$

b.
$$(B-A) \cup B$$

d.
$$(A \cup B) \cap (A \cap B)$$

27. The interval satisfying $3 \le 2x - 1 \le 5$ is

28. The value of $\log_{3}^{4} \log_{5}^{5} \log_{5}^{6} \log_{6}^{7} \log_{7}^{8} \log_{8}^{9}$ is equal to?

a. 1

c. 3

b. 2

d. 4

29. Which of the following is incorrect?

a.
$$in\theta = -\frac{1}{5}$$

c.
$$sec\theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

b.
$$cos\theta = 1$$

d.
$$tan\theta = 20$$

30. The value of
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{\tan 4x}$$
 is

a.
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 b. $\frac{4}{3}$

c.
$$-\frac{3}{4}$$

b.
$$\frac{4}{3}$$

31.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x^0}{x}$$
 is equal to

c. X

b.
$$\pi$$

d. $\pi/180$

32.
$$\frac{d}{dx}$$
 ($log|x|$) is equal to

a.
$$\frac{1}{|x|}$$

c. $\frac{1}{x}$

b.
$$\pm \frac{1}{x}$$

33. 20 is divided into two parts so that the product of cube of one quantity and square of the other quantity is maximum. The parts are

c. 8, 12

d. 12,8

34.
$$\int \frac{e^{tain-1x}}{1+x^2} dx$$
 is equal to

a.
$$log (1 + x^2) + C$$

c. $e^{tain-1_x} + C$

b.
$$log(e^{tain-1}x) + C$$

d. $tan^{-1}x + C$

$$35. \int_1^e \log x \, dx =$$

c. *e+1*

36. If
$$i$$
 is imaginary unit, then the value of i^{4n+3} is

c. 1

d. -1

37. Determine the value of
$$k$$
 if $f(x) = x^3 + kx^2 - kx + 10$ is divisible by $x+3$

c.
$$\frac{17}{12}$$

b.
$$\frac{10}{17}$$

d.
$$\frac{1}{1}$$

	1	W	W^{2}	
38. The value of the determinant	w	w^2	1	is equal to
	$ w^2 $	1	w	

a. 1 c. w^2

b. W d. 0

39. The equation of a circle with radius 5 and touching both the coordinates axes is

- a. $x^2 + y^2 + 10y + 5 = 0$ c. $x^2 + y^2 + 10x + 10y + 25 = 0$
- b. $x^2 + y^2 \pm 10x \pm 10y = 0$ d. $x^2 + y^2 \pm 10x \pm 10y + 51 = 0$

40. The sum of first ten odd numbers is

100 a.

81 c.

90 h.

d. 50

41. How many permutations are there in the word 'madam'?

10 a.

c. 120

b. 20

d. 30

42. How many terms are there in the expansion of $(x + y + z)^6$?

a. 42 c. 18

b. 28

d. 7

43. For what value of K, the points (k,1), (2,1) and (4,5) lie on a line?

a. 0

c. 2

b. 1

d 3

44. The polar coordinates of the point $x = \sqrt{3}$, y = 1 is

a. $(2, \pi/6)$

c. $(2, \pi/3)$

b. $(2, \pi/2)$

d. $(2, \pi/4)$

45. The angle between the lines 2x - y + 3 = 0 and x + 2y + 3 = 0 is

900 a.

c. 450

600 h.

d. 300

46. The length of the tangent to the circle $2x^2 + 2y^2 - 3x + 5y + 9 = 0$ from the point (2,-1) is

8 a.

c. 4

b. 6

d. 2

47. Th	e focus of the parabola $y^2 + 12 = 4x +$	4 <i>y</i> i	is
a	(0.0)		(-2, 3)
b	. (3,2)	d.	(-3, 2)
48. Th	e angle between the tangents at the end	ds of	the latus rectum is
a	$\pi/2$	c.	$\pi/_4$
b	$\pi/3$	d.	$\pi/6$
	nat does the equation y=0, z=0 represe		, 0
a		c.	
b	. <i>y-axis</i>	d.	yz-plane
50. If (θ is the angle between two unit vectors		· ·
	$\vec{a} + \vec{b}$		$\vec{a} - \vec{b}$
h	$\vec{a}.\vec{b}$	d	$ \vec{a} \times \vec{b} $
	OR		
В	iology		$(25 \times 1 = 25)$
51. St	ıdy of fossils comes under		
a	Organic evolution	c.	Paleontology
b	Herpetology	d.	Paleography
52. An	noeba locomotes by		
a	Pseudopodia	c.	Flagella
b	. Cilia	d.	Tentacles
53. Ho	w many pairs of legs do insects have?		
a	Three	c.	Five
b	Four	d.	Six
54. Cr	ocking of frog is		
a	Danger call	c.	Hunger call
b	Sex call for female	d.	Musical note
55. W	nich national park in Nepal is designate	d as	a 'world heritage site?'
a	Bardia N P	c.	Banke N P
b	Chitwan N P	d.	Rara N P
56. W	nere do you find squamous epithelial tis	ssue	?
a		c.	Blood
1	Bone	d.	In the cheek wall

5/.	YOIK	plug is seen in		
	a.	Blastula	c.	Morula
	b.	Gastrula	d.	Cleavage
58.	Mov	ement of food in the intestine is	by	
	a.	Flowing	c.	Peristalsis
	b.	Osmosis	d.	Active motion
59.	The	amount of air always present in	lungs is	
	a.	Tidal volume	c.	Vital capacity
	b.	Alveolar capacity	d.	Residual volume
60.	The	difference of blood pressure bet	ween syst	colic and diastolic phase is
	a.	40 mm Hg	c.	120 mm Hg
	b.	190 mm Hg	d.	180 mm Hg
61.	Cent	cral nervous system consists of		
	a.	Brain only	c. Brain a	nd spinal cord both
	b.	Spinal cord only	d.Brain a	nd autonomous system
62.	Typl	hoid is the disease in which ther	e is infecti	on of
	a.	Kidney	c.	Stomach
	b.	Heart	d.	Lung
63.	Plan	t cell only must have		
	a.	Mitochondria	c.	Centriole
	b.	Lysosome	d.	Cell wall
64.	Cro	ssing over occurs in		
	a.	Leptotene	c.	Pachytene
	b.	Zygotene	d.	Diplotene
65.	Euka	aryotic unicellular organism bel	ongs to	
	a.	Mycota	c.	Monera
	b.	Protista	d.	Animalia
66.	Vent	ter is a part of		
	a.	Sporogonium	c.	Gemma
	b.	Antheridium	d.	Archegonium
67.	Vas	cular cryptogam is		
	a.	Algae	c.	Bryophytes
	b.	Fungi	d.	Pteridophytes

68.	Syn	ecology is the study of		
	a.	Individuals	c.	Environment
	b.	Community	d.	Water
69.	Pali	sade parenchyma is found in		
	a.	Root	c.	Leaf
	b.	Stem	d.	Fruit
70.	Нур	odermis in dicot stem is		
	a.	Parenchyma	c.	Sclerenchyma
	b.	Collenchyma	d.	Aerenchyma
71.	The	water is transported up to the leaves	thro	ugh
	a.	Xylem	c.	Cortex
	b.	Phloem	d.	Parenchyma
72.	Ligh	t reaction of photosynthesis takes pla	ce ir	1
	a.	Mitochondria	c.	Grana
	b.	Glyoxysome	d.	Stroma
73.	Cod	lon is associated with		
	a.	tRNA	c.	rRNA
	b.	mRNA	d.	DNA
74.	Ten	dency of genes to get inherited togethe	er is	called
	a.	Sex linkage	c.	Linkage
	b.	Recombination	d.	Co-dominance
75.	Fun	iction of tapetum is		
	a.	Protective	c.	Respiratory
	b.	Nutritive	d.	Absorptive
	Gr	oup C (Physics)		$(25 \times 1 = 25)$
	GI	oup & (i hysics)		(23 X 1 – 23)
76.	The	dimensions of the light-year are		
	a.	[L]	c.	[T]
	b.	[L-1]	d.	[T-1]
77.		ch of the following quantities remain a a constant speed in a horizontal circle		nstant for a body moving
	a.	Time	с.	Acceleration
	b.	Velocity	d.	K.E.
	٠.	·	٠.	

78. To stop a rigid body from rotating abo	out an axis, we have to apply
a. Momentum	c. Torque
b. Force	d. Pressure
79. Shearing strain is expressed by	
a. Angle of twist	c. Increase in volume
b. Angle of shear	d. Decrease in volume
80. The water meniscus in contact with a	air in a capillary tube is
a. Concave	c. Plano-concave
b. Convex	d. Plano-convex
81. Which of the following thermom temperature of the Sun?	neters is used to measure the
a. Gas thermometer c.	. Mercury thermometer
b. Pyrometer d.	. Vapour pressure thermometer
82. Water has a minimum volume at	
a. 0°C	c. 4°C
b. 1°C	d. 100°C
83. The efficiency of a Carnot's engine working	ng in between 1000K and 300K is
a. 0 %	c. 100 %
b. 99 %	d. 70 %
84. The twinkling of stars in the sky is due	ie to
a. Reflection	c. Polarization
b. Refraction	d. Diffraction
85. For which of the following colors is the a prism?	
a. Red	c. Blue
b. Violet	d. Green
86. The S.I. unit of the universal gas const a. JK-1mol-1	70.0
a. JK-1mol-1 b. JK-1	c. JºCmol1 d. Calg-1
^ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	g
87. A long-sighted person uses spectacles a. Cylindrical lenses	c. Concave lenses
b. Plano-convex lenses	d. Convex lenses
o. I fano convex lenses	d. Gonvex lenses

88.	The	e distance traveled by the light in or	ne year	is called?
	a.	Leap year	c.	Light year
	b.	Solar year	d.	Yester year
89.	Velo	city of sound in a vacuum is		
	a.	Zero	c.	150 m/s
	b.	330 m/s	d.	500 m/s
90.	Buzz	zing of a mosquito is		
	a.	Shrill sound	c.	Pleasant sound
	b.	Loud sound	d.	Flat sound
91.	The	credit for the discovery of the ther	mo-ele	ctric effect goes to
	a.	Seebeck	c.	Thomson
	b.	Peltier	d.	Maxwell
92.	The	forces responsible to hold the elec-	trons in	an atom are
	a.	Nuclear forces	c.	Gravitational forces
	b.	Coulomb forces	d.	Vander Waal's forces
93.	The	ground state energy of hydrogen a	atom is	
	a.	13.6 eV	c.	13.6 Joule
	b.	13.6 MeV	d.	3.4 eV
94.	1 ato	omic mass unit is equal to		
	a.	1/12 (mass of one 0 atom) c.	1/12 (ı	mass of one C atom)
	b.	1/12 (mass of one H atom) d.	1/12 (ı	mass of one O2 molecule)
95.	The	process used in the atom bomb is		
	a.	Fusion	c.	Ionization
	b.	Fission	d.	Electrolysis
96.	The	energy stored in a charged capacit	or is in	the form of
	a.	Kinetic energy	c.	Magnetic energy
	b.	Potential energy	d.	Elastic energy
97.	The	direction of the magnetic field p	roduced	d by a straight conductor
	carr	ying current is given by		
	a.	Fleming's left-hand rule	c.	Biot and Savart law
	b.	Ampere's law	d.	right-hand thumb rule
98.	The	most accepted theory about the or	igin of t	the Universe is
	a.	Big-band theory	c.	Steady state theory
	b.	Oscillating theory	d.	Geocentric theory

99.		wattless current in an a. c. circuit, rent and voltage must be	the]	phase difference between
	a.	π	c.	2π
	b.	π/2	d.	$\pi/4$
100). Wł	nich substance is used to make a perm	aner	nt magnet?
	a.	Ferromagnetic	c.	Diamagnetic
	b.	Paramagnetic	d.	Electromagnetic
	Gr	oup D (English + Aptitude Test)		$(25 \times 1 = 25)$
101	l. Soi	nething that causes no harm:		
	a.	Injurious	c.	Panacea
	b.	Innocuous	d.	Secure
102	2. Soi	nething that cannot be grasped by mi	nd:	
	a.	Inexplicable	c.	Intangible
	b.	Infallible	d.	Incredible
103	3. On	e who rides in horse races, esp. profes	sion	ally:
	a.	Knight-errant	c.	Jockey
	b.	Pedestrian	d.	Equestrian
104	l. A h	eavy unnatural slumber:		
	a.	Insomnia	c.	Intangible
	b.	Coma	d.	Stupor
105	5. To	repeat word for word:		
	a.	Literal	c.	Verbatim
	b.	Verbal	d.	Verbose
106	6. An	ything that destroys the effects of pois	on:	
	a.	Antidote	c.	Antiseptic
	b.	Antibiotic	d.	Antique
107	7. A p	erson who totally abstains from alcoh	olic	drinks:
	a.	Cannibal	c.	Vegetarian
	b.	Teetotaller	d.	Hedomist

108.	A p	erson in the habit of continuous talkin	g:	
	a.	Omnivorous	c.	Loquacious
	b.	Graminivorous	d.	Tounge-tied
109.	A p	erson who is hard to please:		
	a.	Taciturn	c.	Fastidious
	b.	Stubborn	d.	Epicure
110.	То	atone for one's sins:		
	a.	Ingratiate	c.	Apologise
	b.	Propitiate	d.	Expiate
111.	A p	erson who cannot be subdued or conq	uer	ed:
	a.	Inscrutable	c.	Indomitable
	b.	Inflexible	d.	Infallible
112.	Son	nething that cannot be explained:		
	a.	Impregnable	c.	Mysterious
	b.	Inexplicable	d.	Unthinkable
113.	A p	lace where young plants are reared:		
	a.	Poultry	c.	Kennel
	b.	Nursery	d.	Gymnasium
114.	A p	erson who mends shoes:		
	a.	Cobbler	c.	Mechanic
	b.	Plumber	d.	Shoeshine
115.	A m	nan whose wife is dead:		
	a.	Widow	c.	Henpecked
	b.	Widower	d.	Orphan
116.	Boo	ok, picture, etc., produced merely to br	ing i	in money:
	a.	Box-office	c.	Pot-boiler
	b.	Mercenary	d.	Heady

117. F	For	ensic examination of a dead body:		
г	a.	Diagnosis	c.	Analysis
ł	b.	Post-mortem	d.	Dialysis
118. N	Mus	sical or literary medley:		
г	a.	Musical soiree	c.	Rendezvous
t	b.	Potpourri	d.	Extravaganza
119. <i>A</i>	Аре	erson who changes his religious belief	s:	
8	a.	Rebel	c.	Iconoclast
ł	b.	Renegade	d.	Heretic
120. <i>A</i>	Аре	erson looks at the dark side of things:		
8	a.	Pessimist	c.	Morose
ł	b.	Optimist	d.	Blackguard
121. <i>A</i>	A pl	ace of shelter for ships:		
8	a.	Helipad	c.	Harbour
ł	b.	Port	d.	Barrack
122. <i>A</i>	A ra	nised place on which offerings for a go	d ar	e made:
8	a.	Church	c.	Mound
ł	b.	Altar	d.	Archives
123. <i>A</i>	Аре	erson who sorrows for his sins:		
8	a.	Penitent	c.	Sorrowful
ł	b.	Sadist	d.	Pious
124. F	Prir	nted notice of somebody's death:		
8	a.	Mourning	c.	Condolence
ł	b.	Obituary	d.	Journey's end
125.7	Γhe	act of taking and passing off as one's	the	ideas and writings, etc., of
ar	not	her		
8		copyright	c.	r - 8 -
ł	b.	imitation	d.	adaptation
		<i>END</i>		